

## **ABSTRAK**

Skripsi ini bertujuan untuk mengkaji fenomena *Insecure* pada pergaulan mahasiswa Program Studi Ilmu Komunikasi di Universitas Malikusalleh. Pertanyaan penelitian ini mencakup dua aspek utama, yaitu bagaimana fenomena *Insecure* muncul di kalangan mahasiswa Ilmu Komunikasi Universitas Malikusalleh, dan bagaimana mahasiswa tersebut mengatasi perasaan *Insecure* tersebut. Metode yang di pakai dipengkajian ini yaitu metode kualitatif deskriptif, dengan mengumpulkan data lapangan dan mendeskripsikannya berdasarkan pengkajian terdahulu dalam jurnal-jurnal terkait. Pengumpulan data dilakukan melalui wawancara, meminta mahasiswa untuk menjawab pertanyaan yang mencerminkan perasaan dan kepribadian mereka. Hasil penelitian menetangkan bahwasanya mahasiswa Ilmu Komunikasi sering mengalami perasaan *Insecure*, terutama terkait dengan aspek penampilan, kesehatan, prestasi akademik, dan kehidupan sosial. Di antara keempat aspek tersebut, aspek penampilan menjadi fokus utama karena tekanan kecantikan yang diperoleh dari media sosial. Mahasiswa cenderung merasa cemas dan sering membandingkan diri dengan orang lain, memicu tumbuhnya perasaan *Insecure*. Dukungan sosial dianggap penting dalam mengurangi rasa *Insecure*, dan mahasiswa mengatasi perasaan tersebut dengan bersyukur, menerima diri apa adanya, menghentikan perbandingan diri, dan menjaga pemikiran positif.

**Kata Kunci : Fenomena insecure, Pergaulan Mahasiswa, Media Sosial**

## **ABSTRACT**

This thesis aims to examine the phenomenon of insecurity in the social interactions of Communication Science students at Malikusalleh University. The research questions encompass two main aspects: how insecurity manifests among Communication Science students at Malikusalleh University, and how these students cope with their feelings of insecurity. The chosen method for this study is qualitative descriptive, involving the collection of field data and its description based on a review of relevant journals. Data collection is conducted through interviews, prompting students to answer questions that reflect their feelings and personalities. The research findings indicate that Communication Science students frequently experience feelings of insecurity, particularly concerning appearance, health, academic achievements, and social life. Among these aspects, appearance becomes the primary focus due to societal pressures influenced by social media. Students tend to feel anxious and often compare themselves to others, triggering the growth of insecurity. Social support is deemed crucial in reducing feelings of insecurity, and students overcome these feelings by expressing gratitude, accepting themselves as they are, ceasing self-comparisons, and maintaining positive thinking.

**Keywords:** Phenomenon of insecurity, College Students, Social Media