

DAFTAR PUSTAKA

- Anisya. 2013. “Aplikasi Sistem Database Rumah Sakit Terpusat Pada Rumah Sakit Umum (RSU) ‘Aisyiyah Padang Dengan Menerapkan Open Source (Php – Mysql)””. *Jurnal Momentum*. Volume 15, No. 2.
- Agustini, F. (2017). Implementasi Algoritma Fuzzy C-Means Studi Kasus Penjualan Di Sushigroove Restaurant. *Jurnal Ilmu Pengetahuan Dan Teknologi Komputer*, 3(1), 127–132.
- Ahadi, A., & Liang, X. (2018). Generation Adequacy Evaluation Using Fuzzy C-Means Method-A Case Study. *Canadian Conference on Electrical and Computer Engineering*, 2018-May(Ldc), 1–4. <https://doi.org/10.1109/CCECE.2018.8447889>
- Ambar, V., & Ambarita, A. (2017). Data Processing Information System for Non-Formal Students. *Indonesian Journal on Information System*, 2(April 2017), 1–9. <http://ijiswiratama.org/index.php/Home/article/view/28>
- Anggreini, N. L. (2019). TEKNIK CLUSTERING DENGAN ALGORITMA K-MEDOIDS UNTUK MENANGANI STRATEGI PROMOSI DI POLITEKNIK TEDC BANDUNG. *Jurnal Teknologi Informasi Dan Pendidikan*, 12(2), 1–7.
- Crnogorac, V., Grbic, M., Dukanovic, M., & Matic, D. (2021). Clustering of European countries and territories based on cumulative relative number of COVID 19 patients in 2020. *2021 20th International Symposium INFOTEH-JAHORINA, INFOTEH 2021 - Proceedings, March*, 17–19. <https://doi.org/10.1109/INFOTEH51037.2021.9400670>
- Darapaneni, N., J, V., Paduri, A. R., Kumar, P., S, V., Thangeda, K. C., & Thakur, A. (2021). Machine learning approach for clustering of countries to identify the best strategies to combat Covid-19. *2021 IEEE International IOT, Electronics and Mechatronics Conference, IEMTRONICS 2021 - Proceedings, January 2020*. <https://doi.org/10.1109/IEMTRONICS52119.2021.9422621>
- Doroshenko, A. (2020). Analysis of the distribution of COVID-19 in Italy using clustering algorithms. *Proceedings of the 2020 IEEE 3rd International Conference on Data Stream Mining and Processing, DSMP 2020*, 325–328. <https://doi.org/10.1109/DSMP47368.2020.9204202>
- Farizi, S. Al, & Harmawan, B. N. (2020). Data Transparency and Information Sharing: Coronavirus Prevention Problems in Indonesia. *Jurnal Administrasi Kesehatan Indonesia*, 8(1), 35–50. <https://doi.org/10.20473/jaki.v8i2.2020.35-50>
- Handayani, D., Hadi, D. H., Isbaniah, F., Burhan, E., & Agustin, H. (2020). Penyakit Virus Corona 2019. *Jurnal Respirologi Indonesia*, 40(2), 119–129.

- Irfan, M., Jumadi, Zulfikar, W. B., & Erik. (2017). Implementation of Fuzzy C-Means algorithm and TF-IDF on English journal summary. *Proceedings of the 2nd International Conference on Informatics and Computing, ICIC 2017*, 1–5. <https://doi.org/10.1109/IAC.2017.8280646>
- Kurniawan, R., Abdullah, S. N. H. S., Lestari, F., Nazri, M. Z. A., Mujahidin, A., & Adnan, N. (2021). Clustering and Correlation Methods for Predicting Coronavirus COVID-19 Risk Analysis in Pandemic Countries. *2020 8th International Conference on Cyber and IT Service Management, CITSM 2020*. <https://doi.org/10.1109/CITSM50537.2020.9268920>
- Maharani, D. (2017). Perancangan Sistem Informasi Akademik Berbasis Web Pada Sekolah Islam Modern Amanah. *Jurnal Manajemen Informatika Dan Teknik Komputer*, 2(1), 27–32. <https://doi.org/10.31227/osf.io/r9szc>
- Manuhutu, M. A., & Wattimena, J. (2019). Perancangan Sistem Informasi Konsultasi Akademik Berbasis Website. *Jurnal Sistem Informasi Bisnis*, 9(2), 149–156. <https://doi.org/10.21456/vol9iss2pp149-156>
- Muslimatin, B. (2011). *PERBANDINGAN METODE K-MEANS DAN METODE FUZZY C-MEANS (FCM) UNTUK CLUSTERING DATA (Studi Kasus pada Data Saham Harian PT. Astra, Tbk.)*.
- Naik, N., Jenkins, P., Savage, N., & Yang, L. (2018). Cyberthreat Hunting - Part 2: Tracking Ransomware Threat Actors using Fuzzy Hashing and Fuzzy C-Means Clustering. *2019 IEEE International Conference on Fuzzy Systems (FUZZ-IEEE)*, 1–6.
- Noviyanto. (2020). Penerapan Data Mining Dalam Mengelompokkan Jumlah Kematian Penderita COVID-19 Berdasarkan Negara di Benua Asia. *Paradigma-Jurnal Informatika Dan Komputer*, 22(2), 183–188. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.31294/p.v21i2> Paradigma
- S, P., R V, N., Chowdry B, S., & K, S. P. (2021). Fuzzy clustering using Hybrid CSO-PSO search based on Community mobility during COVID 19 lockdown. *Proceedings - 5th International Conference on Computing Methodologies and Communication, ICCMC 2021, August 2020*, 1515–1519. <https://doi.org/10.1109/ICCMC51019.2021.9418026>
- Sari, H. L., & Suranti, D. (2016). Perbandingan Algoritma Fuzzy C-Means (FCM) dan Algoritma Mixture Dalam Penclusteraan Data Curah Hujan Kota Bengkulu. *Seminar Nasional Aplikasi Teknologi Informasi (SNATI) 2016*, 7–15.
- Shan, Y., & Zhi, Z. (2016). A novel fuzzy SVM based on Fuzzy C-Means for credit scoring. *2016 2nd IEEE International Conference on Computer and Communications, ICC 2016 - Proceedings*, 1349–1353. <https://doi.org/10.1109/CompComm.2016.7924924>
- Solichin, A., & Khairunnisa, K. (2020). Klasterisasi Persebaran Virus Corona

(Covid-19) Di DKI Jakarta Menggunakan Metode K-Means. *Fountain of Informatics Journal*, 5(2), 52–59. <https://doi.org/10.21111/fij.v5i2.4905>

Suni, N. S. P. (2020). Kesiapsiagaan Indonesia Menghadapi Potensi Penyebaran Corona. *INFO Singkat*, XII(3), 13–18. https://berkas.dpr.go.id/puslit/files/info_singkat/Info_Singkat-XII-3-I-P3DI-Februari-2020-1957.pdf

Sunori, S. K., Negi, P. B., Maurya, S., Juneja, P., Rana, A., & Bhawana. (2021). K-Means *Clustering* of Ambient Air Quality Data of Uttarakhand, India during Lockdown Period of Covid-19 Pandemic. *Proceedings of the 6th International Conference on Inventive Computation Technologies, ICICT 2021*, 1254–1259. <https://doi.org/10.1109/ICICT50816.2021.9358627>

World Health Organization (WHO). (2020). Global Surveillance for human infection with novel coronavirus (2019-nCoV). *Interim Guidance*, 1–2. [https://www.who.int/publications-detail/global-surveillance-for-human-infection-with-novel-coronavirus-\(2019-ncov\)](https://www.who.int/publications-detail/global-surveillance-for-human-infection-with-novel-coronavirus-(2019-ncov))