

ABSTRAK

Nama : Yesa Mayasari
Program Studi : Akuntansi
Judul : Pengaruh Dana Alokasi Umum (DAU), Dana Alokasi Khusus (DAK) Dan Dana Bagi Hasil (DBH) Terhadap Belanja Modal Pada Kabupaten/Kota Provinsi Aceh 2020-2024

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis pengaruh Dana Alokasi Umum (DAU), Dana Alokasi Khusus (DAK), dan Dana Bagi Hasil (DBH) terhadap Belanja Modal Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Aceh periode 2020–2024. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan kuantitatif dengan data sekunder yang bersumber dari Laporan Realisasi Anggaran (LRA) yang dipublikasikan oleh Direktorat Jenderal Perimbangan Keuangan (DJPK). Metode analisis yang digunakan adalah regresi data panel dengan bantuan perangkat lunak EViews 13. Pengujian hipotesis dilakukan melalui uji statistik t dan koefisien determinasi (*Adjusted R-squared*). Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa secara parsial Dana Alokasi Umum berpengaruh negatif dan signifikan terhadap Belanja Modal, Dana Alokasi Khusus berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap Belanja Modal, sedangkan Dana Bagi Hasil berpengaruh negatif dan signifikan terhadap Belanja Modal pada Kabupaten/Kota di Provinsi Aceh. Nilai *Adjusted R-squared* sebesar 63.23% menunjukkan bahwa variabel DAU, DAK, dan DBH mampu menjelaskan variasi Belanja Modal sebesar 63.23% sedangkan sisanya dipengaruhi oleh faktor lain di luar model penelitian. Temuan ini mengindikasikan bahwa dana perimbangan memiliki peranan penting dalam menentukan kebijakan pengalokasian belanja modal pemerintah daerah.

Kata kunci: Dana Alokasi Umum, Dana Alokasi Khusus, Dana Bagi Hasil, Belanja Modal, Keuangan Daerah.

ABSTRACT

Name : Yesa Mayasari
Study Program : Accounting
Title : The Effect of the General Allocation Fund (DAU), Special Allocation Fund (DAK), and Revenue Sharing Fund (DBH) on Capital Expenditure of Regencies/Cities in Aceh Province during the Period 2020–2024

This study aims to analyze the effect of the General Allocation Fund (DAU), Special Allocation Fund (DAK), and Revenue Sharing Fund (DBH) on Capital Expenditure of regencies/cities in Aceh Province during the period 2020–2024. This research employs a quantitative approach using secondary data obtained from the Budget Realization Reports (LRA) published by the Directorate General of Fiscal Balance. The data were analyzed using panel data regression with the assistance of EViews software. Hypothesis testing was conducted using the t-test and the coefficient of determination (Adjusted R-squared). The results indicate that the General Allocation Fund has a negative and significant effect on Capital Expenditure, the Special Allocation Fund has a positive and significant effect on Capital Expenditure, and the Revenue Sharing Fund has a negative and significant effect on Capital Expenditure in regencies/municipalities in Aceh Province. The Adjusted R-squared value of 63.23 percent indicates that DAU, DAK, and DBH collectively explain 63.23 percent of the variation in Capital Expenditure, while the remaining percentage is explained by other factors outside the research model. These findings suggest that intergovernmental transfer funds play an important role in shaping local government capital expenditure policies.

Keywords: *General Allocation Fund, Special Allocation Fund, Revenue Sharing Fund, Capital Expenditure, Regional Finance.*