

ABSTRAK

Nama : MASDI
Program Studi : Magister Ekonomi Pembangunan
Judul : PENGARUH DANA DESA, ALOKASI DANA DESA, DANA ALOKASI KHUSUS NONFISIK DAN DANA BAGI HASIL SUMBER DAYA ALAM TERHADAP INDEKS DESA MEMBANGUN DI KABUPATEN/KOTA PROVINSI ACEH

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk menganalisis pengaruh dana desa, alokasi dana desa dan belanja desa terhadap indeks desa membangun. Data yang digunakan dalam penelitian ini merupakan gabungan antara *time series* dengan *cross section* pada 23 kabupaten/kota provinsi aceh dari tahun 2017-2024, yang bersumber dari Badan Pusat Statistik dan Kementerian Desa, Pembangunan Daerah dan Transmigrasi. Metode analisis penelitian ini menggunakan regresi data panel dengan menggunakan alat analisis *Eviews 10*. Berdasarkan hasil uji Chow dan uji Hausman dalam estimasi model data panel, maka model yang terpilih adalah Fixed Effect Model. Hasil penelitian ini menunjukkan bahwa dana desa berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap indeks desa membangun, Alokasi dana desa berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap indeks desa membangun, Dana Alokasi Khusus Nonfisik berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap indeks desa membangun dan Dana Bagi Hasil Sumber Daya Alam berpengaruh positif dan signifikan terhadap indeks desa membangun. Berdasarkan hasil penelitian ini diharapkan agar pemerintah dapat meningkatkan berbagai bentuk dukungan untuk kemandirian desa melalui kolaborasi antar pihak seperti akademisi, lembaga swadaya masyarakat, media dan lembaga swasta lainnya untuk memajukan kemandirian desa dan meningkatkan kesejahteraan masyarakat.

Kata Kunci: Dana Desa, Alokasi Dana Desa, Dana Alokasi Khusus Nonfisik, Dana Bagi Hasil Sumber Daya Alam dan Indeks Desa Membangun

ABSTRACT

Name : MASDI
Study Program : Master of Development Economics
Title : *THE INFLUENCE OF VILLAGE FUNDS, VILLAGE FUND ALLOCATIONS, NON-PHYSICAL SPECIAL ALLOCATION FUNDS AND NATURAL RESOURCE REVENUE SHARING FUNDS ON THE VILLAGE DEVELOPMENT INDEX IN DISTRICTS/CITIES OF ACEH PROVINCE.*

This study aims to analyze the influence of village funds, village fund allocations, and village expenditures on the village development index. The data used in this study is a combination of time series and cross-section data in 23 districts/cities in Aceh province from 2017 to 2024, sourced from the Central Statistics Agency and the Ministry of Villages, Regional Development, and Transmigration. The analytical method of this study uses panel data regression using the Eviews 10 analysis tool. Based on the results of the Chow test and the Hausman test in the panel data model estimation, the selected model is the Fixed Effect Model. The results of this study indicate that village funds have a positive and significant effect on the village development index, Village fund allocation has a positive and significant effect on the village development index, Non-Physical Special Allocation Funds have a positive and significant effect on the village development index, and Natural Resource Revenue Sharing Funds have a positive and significant effect on the village development index. Based on the results of this study, it is hoped that the government can increase various forms of support for village independence through collaboration between parties such as academics, non-governmental organizations, media, and other private institutions to advance village independence and improve community welfare.

Keywords : *Village Funds, Village Fund Allocation, Non-Physical Special Allocation Funds, Natural Resource Revenue Sharing Funds and Village Development Index*